2023 Floristic Report:

Wayne Cave Preserve

Submitted to:

Indiana Karst Conservancy

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Table of Contents

Site Overview	3
Project Overview	3
Methods	5
Results and Management Discussion	9
Conclusion	11
Works Cited	12
Appendix A: Approximate Quadrat Locations Map	13
Appendix B: Floristic Quality Assessment Results	14



Wayne Cave preserve's sinkhole pond in early April

Site Overview

Wayne Cave preserve is a property owned and managed by Indiana Karst Conservancy (IKC) just southwest of Bloomington, Indiana. It hosts multiple karst features of intrigue, including access to an expansive cave system that draws many visitors. Wayne Cave preserve is located in the Escarpment Section of the Shawnee Hills Natural Region, defined by Homoya's "Natural Regions of Indiana" (Homoya 1984). This section represents a dynamic edge between the Mitchell Karst Plateau and the Crawford Upland sections. Sandstone-derived soils cover the hills and limestone-derived soils are present in lower elevations. The maps shown in Figures 1-3 display the soil types dominant at Wayne Cave preserve and the varying elevation of the property. The variable soils present on the property are conducive to higher vegetative diversity. The author observed a wide range of plant species occurring on the property indicative of low and high pH soils and various moisture preferences.

Project Overview

The author was contracted by the Indiana Karst Conservancy in 2023 to conduct floristic inventories around the Wayne Cave preserve in Bloomington, Indiana. On April 17, 2023, the author and a site manager walked the property. Three sites were chosen for floristic inventories and another two were chosen for vegetative plot assessments. A floristic quality assessment was conducted and is summarized in this report. Excel files containing the full results of the floristic quality assessment will be included with this report.



Figure 1 (Above left): Soils map of Wayne Cave preserve. Caneyville silt loams (CaD and Cb) are limestone derived. Zanesville and Wellston (TlB and WeC) are sandstone-derived (map from NRCS Web Soils Survey). Figure 2 (Above Right): LIDAR map of Wayne Cave preserve revealing numerous karst features and detailed elevation (map from USGS). Figure 3 (Below): Map Unit Legend for soil types map (Figure 1).

Map Unit Symbol	Map Unit Name	Acres in AOI	Percent of AOI
CaD	Caneyville silt loam, 12 to 18 percent slopes	29.4	50.0%
Сь	Caneyville-Hagerstown silt loams, 2 to 18 percent slopes, karst	19.2	32.6%
TIB	Zanesville silt loam, 2 to 6 percent slopes	6.3	10.7%
WeC	Wellston silt loam, 6 to 12 percent slopes	3.9	6.7%
Totals for Area of Interest		58.8	100.0%

Map Unit Legend

Methods

Floristic Inventory Methods

Three sites on the Wayne Cave preserve were selected for floristic inventories. Each site was visited on April 25, June 17, August 27, and November 12, 2023. Visiting the sites during different parts of the year ensures that all plant species are recorded regardless of phenology. The results of these inventories and their assessments can be found in Appendix B and in the accompanying excel files. Each site was traversed several times during each visit to record every plant species present.

The first site (Upland) was chosen as an example of a typical upland habitat on the property. The author used reflective flagging to demarcate four corners of a 25-pace x 25-pace (roughly 19m x 19m) square in which the inventory would be conducted. Species were identified and recorded in the marked square only. Every species was recorded within the marked square.

The second site (Big Sinkhole) was selected by members of IKC to represent a typical sinkhole feature on the Wayne Cave preserve. The largest sinkhole was chosen, and the author was asked to separate this site into three sections (Rim, Slope, and Bottom) to observe the differences in flora between elevations. The sections were delineated roughly by slope and a unique species list was written for each section.

The final site (Sinkhole Pond) was chosen for its high conservation quality and ecological stability. The author collected the state-threatened *Carex decomposita* from this area in June of 2021 which led to a number of professionals visiting the site to observe the surrounding habitat. The survey area was determined using general soil moisture indicators such as soil saturation and plant species' wetness ranking.



Cypress Knee Sedge (Carex decomposita) is a state-threatened species of sedge that occurs on rich humus in sinkhole ponds. Cypress Knee Sedge has been collected very sparsely in the state, and few populations are known to still exist. Photograph accessed via the consortium of Midwest herbaria (midwestherbaria.org).

Vegetative Plot Assessment Methods

The author surveyed two areas using vegetative plot assessments. These areas were visited on June 17, 2023, and their results and assessments are included in appendix B.

The property managers expressed interest in monitoring the development of a fallow field over time and after experimenting with different management techniques. The author also elected to survey a bottomland area adjacent to the fallow field site. Since the bottomland plot is slightly lower in elevation than the fallow field, it could incur nutrient runoff from management events occurring at the site and would be sensitive to any changes in hydrology that may occur at the site. Vegetative plot assessments were employed because they are simple to replicate and allow for changes in floristic integrity to be easily monitored. On June 17, 2023, the author randomly placed three ¹/₄ m² quadrats throughout each area and recorded the species present and their densities. Using floristic quality assessment, the average C-value of the plots can be calculated. The quadrats' coordinates were recorded and red flags were placed in the southwest corner of each quadrat so that they may be revisited at a later date. Monitoring the change in

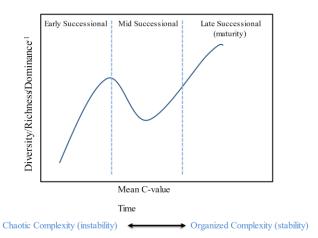


mean C-value over time is useful to determine that management techniques are successful. Although fewer species are recorded in vegetative plot assessments, they provide much more useful metrics for monitoring change over time than inventories.

An example of a ¹/₄ m² quadrat used in vegetative plot sampling at Wayne Cave preserve. This quadrat contained numerous mesic woodland species.

Floristic Quality Assessment and Coefficients of Conservatism

Floristic quality assessment was originally developed by Gerould Wilhelm (1977) and later expanded on by Wilhelm and Ladd (1988). It was conceived to measure and analyze floristic quality without the ambiguity of diversity indices, as often high-quality sites may be lower in species richness (diversity) than degraded sites. This phenomenon is illustrated below in the Floristic Integrity Curve by Justin Thomas (2015). Diversity is not directly correlated with floristic quality.



Floristic quality assessment has become widely adopted and has been developed in some form in over 30 states. The measurements provided in these assessments may refer to coefficients of conservatism, or C-values. C-values are numeric values ranging 0-10 prescribed to native plant species by a group of experts in a certain region and refer (generally) to chances out of 10 that the species occurs in

high-quality natural areas. The dataset used for this assessment was the 2019 update to Rothrock and Homoya (2005). Averaging C-values (Mean C-Value) in an area provides a number that can be monitored over time to determine whether the area is stabilizing or degrading. As habitats succeed ecologically and nitrogen (a primary driver of succession) is expelled, species of higher conservation value can grow. For example, in southern Indiana, a woodland may be clear-cut and immediately respond with a thick growth of briars (*Smilax*) and blackberries (*Rubus*). Nitrogen would be abundant, and the mean C-value of this area would be low (<2.0). As this habitat succeeds over time into a mature oak-hickory forest, available nitrogen would decrease, and its mean C-value will rise in tandem. A more thorough explanation of the C-value system can be found in Ladd and Thomas (2015). Mean C-values rarely exceed 5.0 and almost never exceed 6.0. included in floristic quality assessments is a floristic quality index. This measurement is problematic as it involves richness and is difficult to apply across sites of different scales (Spyreas 2019). Therefore, it is omitted from this report.

Also included as an output of the floristic quality assessment is mean wetness. Each plant species is assigned a wetness value (W) from (-5) to 5 with (-5) indicating a preference for abundant moisture and 5 indicating a preference for dry sites. Mean wetness can be used to delineate wetland areas and can also be a useful measurement to monitor changes in hydrology over time, especially as a result of management.

Results and Management Discussion

All of the floristic inventories conducted resulted in a diverse species list of medium to high conservation value. Clearly, many areas at Wayne Cave preserve are ecologically intact and representative of healthy habitats* in the Shawnee Hills natural region.

The **Upland** site inventory contains 113 species and a mean C-value of 3.4. Species indicating both sandstone and limestone-derived soils occurred in the sampling area. There were very few stems of invasive species present. These populations currently are easy to control and should be treated in a way that promotes as little disturbance as possible. Cut-stump treatment on woody invasives such as Multiflora rose (*Rosa multiflora*) and Callery pear (*Pyrus calleryana*) and dormant season foliar-spraying on evergreen vines such as wintercreeper (*Euonymus fortunei*) and Japanese honeysuckle (*Lonicera japonica*) should be employed.

The **Big Sinkhole** site was divided into three sections based on elevation. The uppermost section, the rim, had 61 total species and a mean C-value of 4.5. It's mean wetness was 2.2, indicating a slightly dry upland habitat. The middle section, the slope, contained 52 species and also had a mean C-value of 4.5. Its mean wetness was also 2.2, indicating little change in wetness between the rim and the overall slope. The bottommost section had 26 species and a mean C-value of 4.4. Its mean wetness was 1.6, indicating a significantly wetter habitat than the slope and rim. Species that occur in more than one section will be highlighted in the corresponding excel files. The author observed a concentration of glade fern (*Homalosorus pycnocarpos*) and silvery spleenwort (*Deparia acrostichoides*) in the bottom of the sinkhole and small populations of smooth hydrangea (*Hydrangea arborescens*) and early meadow rue (*Thalictrum dioicum*) growing on rocks exposed by the sinkhole formation. Management is most likely not needed in this area, but if enacted should promote as little disturbance as possible. The steep slopes of sinkholes are especially vulnerable to soil erosion which can be exacerbated by uprooting large plants. The very few woody invasives here can be treated as mentioned above, using cut-stump treatment.

The **Sinkhole Pond** contains 36 species and has a mean C-Value of 4.4. An extremely conservative grouping of plant species is present including state-threatened cypress knee sedge (*C. decomposita*) and halberd-leaved tearthumb (*Persicaria arifolia*). Two species observed, *C. decomposita* and greater marsh St. Johnswort (*Triadenum walteri*), were newly recorded for Monroe County in 2021 by the author. This area is of very high quality and should be trafficked as little as possible. There are no threats present that are pertinent enough to risk degrading this habitat. The area directly upslope should be monitored, and

invasive species should be prevented from colonizing it using minimally-disturbing methods such as cutstump treatment and dormant-season foliar spraying. In the immediate vicinity of this pond, if needed, it is best to use only herbicide labeled for aquatic habitats as there is a very healthy amphibian population in the pond who are especially susceptible to herbicide damage in certain stages of their lives.

The **Fallow Field** vegetative plot assessment revealed a mean C-value of 1.6. The richest 1 m² quadrat contained 17 species; 28 total species were recorded amongst the three quadrats. The fallow field is mostly dominated by non-native cool-season grasses such as Kentucky bluegrass (*Poa pratensis*) and orchard grass (*Dactylis glomerata*). Aggressive species such as old field blackberry (*Rubus alumnus*) and multiflora rose (*Rosa multiflora*) are scattered in dense populations throughout the field. Both of these species are nitrophilous; they will naturally reduce over time as available N is expelled from the system. Any cut-stump treatment should be carried out in late fall so that excess N can leach from the system over the dormant season. If intended to be kept open, a single annual mowing using a tall deck-height or a prescribed fire should be executed in the dormant season. Leaving some areas undisturbed can provide habitat for overwintering insects. Using herbicide treatment to control cool-season grasses during the growing season could result in an excessive flush of N leading to invasive species encroachment. This area should be resurveyed annually or biannually to monitor management effects to floristic quality.

The **Bottomland** vegetative plot assessment has a mean-C value of 3.4 and 29 total species were present. Although both the Bottomland and Fallow Field plots had similar floristic diversity (29 and 28 species, respectively), their mean C-values reflect significantly different levels of floristic integrity and ecological health. Bottomland habitats are especially vulnerable to changes in hydrology and eutrophication. As a result, their flora can change significantly in short spans of time. Invasive species along the nearby tree line can continue to be removed using cut-stump treatment in the dormant season. The author observed dense patches of an uncommon grass species, American beakgrass (*Diarrhena americana*) in the bottomland section. This section should be resurveyed annually or biannually to monitor changes in floristic quality.

Conclusion

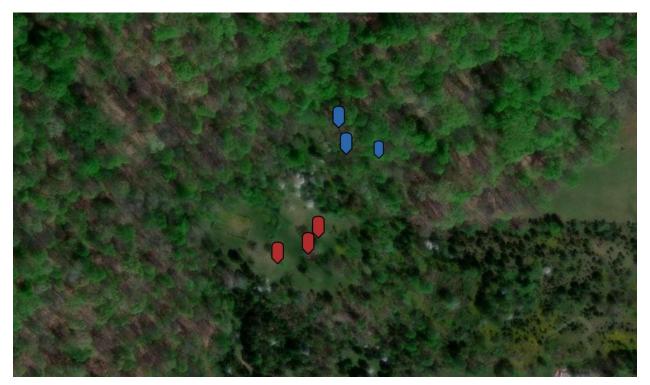
Wayne Cave preserve is connected to a large tract of contiguous forest (5,000+ acres) that undoubtedly buffers the preserve from threats of invasive species monocultures and provides an ample number of plant species available for recruitment after disturbance events. Each survey site, despite their small sizes, included a relatively large number of plant species.

The floristic inventory conducted in the upland site yielded a large sample-size and was straightforward to collect data from. This method should be replicated in other areas throughout the property to reflect site-wide ecosystem health. The floristic inventory conducted in the big sinkhole, albeit interesting, would be difficult to extrapolate from given the unique topography of the area. This inventory suggests that the variable wetness created by karst features could lead to suitable habitat for moisture-loving plants. The sinkhole pond floristic inventory cataloged significant conservative plant species in a rare habitat. Any habitats of similar conservation value managed by IKC should be surveyed to document their diversity and floristic integrity before any large disturbance events take place that could negatively affect them. A sitewide inventory, beyond the scope of this project, would have undoubtedly resulted in many more plant species being documented and could have led to more notable collections such as those found in the sinkhole pond.

The vegetative plot assessments are essential for monitoring the effects of management practices and should be conducted whenever significant management is planned for a natural area. The vegetative plot assessments detailed in this report will only become useful when replicated over time. Larger plots would have yielded more accurate data but would have been beyond the scope of this project. Even so, the small size of these plots will still be useful for the purposes described.

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Red Markers indicate approximate Fallow Field quadrat locations, blue markers indicate approximate Bottomland quadrat locations. Map from ArcGIS.

Appendix B: Floristic Quality Assessment Results

1. Upland Site

Mean C = 3.4

Species:

Scientific Name	Family	Acronym	Native?	С	W	Physiognomy	Duration	Common Name
Acalypha virginica	Euphorbiaceae	ACAVIR	native	0	3	forb	annual	virginia three-seeded mercury
Acer rubrum (including 2 varieties)	Sapindaceae	ACERUB	native	5	0	tree	perennial	red maple
Acer saccharum (including 1 variety)	Sapindaceae	ACESAR	native	4	3	tree	perennial	sugar maple
Ageratina altissima var. altissima	Asteraceae	AGEALT	native	2	3	forb	perennial	white snakeroot
Agrimonia rostellata	Rosaceae	AGRROS	native	5	3	forb	perennial	woodland agrimony
Albizia julibrissin	Fabaceae	ALBJUL	non-native	0	5	tree	perennial	silk tree
Allium sativum	Amaryllidaceae	ALLSAT	non-native	0	5	forb	perennial	garlic

Allium tricoccum var. burdickii	Amaryllidaceae	ALLTRB	native	6	3	forb	perennial	narrow-leaf wild leek
Allium vineale	Amaryllidaceae	ALLVIN	non-native	0	3	forb	perennial	field garlic
Amphicarpaea bracteata	Fabaceae	AMPBRA	native	5	0	vine	annual	hog-peanut
Andropogon virginicus var. virginicus	Poaceae	ANDVIR	native	1	3	grass	perennial	broom sedge
Asimina triloba	Annonaceae	ASITRI	native	6	0	tree	perennial	papaw
Asplenium platyneuron	1-aspleniaceae	ASPPLA	native	3	3	fern	perennial	ebony spleenwort
Barbarea vulgaris	Brassicaceae	BARVUL	non-native	0	0	forb	biennial	yellow rocket
Borodinia laevigata	Brassicaceae	BORLAE	native	5	5	forb	biennial	smooth rock cress
Botrypus virginianus	1-ophioglossaceae	BOTVIR	native	4	3	fern	perennial	rattlesnake fern
Brachyelytrum erectum	Poaceae	BRAERE	native	6	3	grass	perennial	long-awned wood grass
Bromus pubescens	Poaceae	BROPUB	native	4	3	grass	perennial	woodland brome
Carex albicans var. albicans	Cyperaceae	CXALBA	native	6	5	sedge	perennial	blunt-scaled oak sedge
Carex amphibola	Cyperaceae	CXAMPH	native	8	0	sedge	perennial	false gray sedge
Carex blanda	Cyperaceae	CXBLAN	native	1	0	sedge	perennial	common wood sedge

Carex cephalophora	Cyperaceae	CXCEPH	native	3	3	sedge	perennial	short-headed bracted sedge
Carex glaucodea	Cyperaceae	CXGLAU	native	3	0	sedge	perennial	blue sedge
Carex granularis	Cyperaceae	CXGRAN	native	2	-3	sedge	perennial	pale sedge
Carex hirsutella	Cyperaceae	CXHIRS	native	3	3	sedge	perennial	hairy green sedge
Carex leavenworthii	Cyperaceae	CXLEAV	native	1	5	sedge	perennial	dwarf bracted sedge
Carex oligocarpa	Cyperaceae	CXOLIG	native	8	5	sedge	perennial	few-fruited gray sedge
Carex rosea	Cyperaceae	CXROSE	native	5	3	sedge	perennial	curly-styled bracted sedge
Carex umbellata	Cyperaceae	CXUMBE	native	5	5	sedge	perennial	early oak sedge
Carya cordiformis	Juglandaceae	CARCOR	native	5	3	tree	perennial	bitternut hickory
Carya tomentosa	Juglandaceae	CARTOM	native	6	5	tree	perennial	mockernut hickory
Cercis canadensis var. canadensis	Fabaceae	CERCAN	native	3	3	tree	perennial	eastern redbud
Cinna arundinacea	Poaceae	CINARU	native	4	-3	grass	perennial	common wood reed
Circaea canadensis	Onagraceae	CIRCAN	native	2	3	forb	perennial	enchanters nightshade
Claytonia virginica	Montiaceae	CLAVIR	native	2	3	forb	perennial	spring beauty
Cornus florida	Cornaceae	CORFLO	native	4	3	tree	perennial	flowering dogwood

Danthonia spicata	Poaceae	DANSPI	native	3	3	grass	perennial	poverty oat grass
Desmodium paniculatum var. paniculatum	Fabaceae	DESPAN	native	2	3	forb	perennial	panicled tick trefoil
Dichanthelium acuminatum subsp. fasculatum	Poaceae	DICACF	native	2	0	grass	perennial	western witch grass
Dichanthelium boscii	Poaceae	DICBOS	native	4	5	grass	perennial	bearded witch grass
Dichanthelium clandestinum	Poaceae	DICCLA	native	3	-3	grass	perennial	deer-tongue grass
Dioscorea villosa	Dioscoreaceae	DIOVIL	native	4	0	vine	perennial	wild yam
Diospyros virginiana	Ebenaceae	DIOVIR	native	2	0	tree	perennial	persimmon
Elaeagnus umbellata	Elaeagnaceae	ELAUMB	non-native	0	3	shrub	perennial	autumn olive
Elymus villosus	Poaceae	ELYVIL	native	4	3	grass	perennial	silky wild rye
Elymus virginicus (including 2 varieties)	Poaceae	ELYVIR	native	3	-3	grass	perennial	virginia wild rye
Endodeca serpentaria	Aristolochiaceae	ENDSER	native	8	5	forb	perennial	birthwort
Erigeron pulchellus var. pulchellus	Asteraceae	ERIPUL	native	8	3	forb	perennial	robins plantain

Euonymus fortunei	Celastraceae	EUOFOR	non-native	0	5	shrub	perennial	winter-creeper
Fagus grandifolia	Fagaceae	FAGGRA	native	8	3	tree	perennial	american beech
Festuca subverticillata	Poaceae	FESSUB	native	4	3	grass	perennial	nodding fescue
Fraxinus americana	Oleaceae	FRAAME	native	4	3	tree	perennial	white ash
Fraxinus smallii	Oleaceae	FRASMA	native	4	3	tree	perennial	blue ash
Galium aparine	Rubiaceae	GALAPA	native	1	3	forb	perennial	sticky-willy
Galium circaezans	Rubiaceae	GALCIR	native	6	3	forb	perennial	wild licorice
Galium triflorum	Rubiaceae	GALTRI	native	5	3	forb	perennial	fragrant bedstraw
Geum canadense	Rosaceae	GEUCAN	native	1	0	forb	perennial	white avens
Geum vernum	Rosaceae	GEUVER	native	1	3	forb	perennial	spring avens
Hieracium gronovii	Asteraceae	HIEGRO	native	5	5	forb	perennial	hairy hawkweed
Houstonia purpurea	Rubiaceae	HOUPUR	native	6	5	forb	perennial	large houstonia
(including 1 variety)								
Hypericum punctatum	Hypericaceae	HYPPUN	native	3	0	forb	perennial	spotted st. johns wort
Juncus tenuis	Juncaceae	JUNTEN	native	0	0	rush	perennial	path rush

Juniperus virginiana var. virginiana	2-cupressaceae	JUNVIR	native	2	3	shrub	perennial	eastern red cedar
Leersia virginica	Poaceae	LEEVIR	native	4	-3	grass	perennial	white grass
Lindera benzoin	Lauraceae	LINBEN	native	5	-3	shrub	perennial	hairy spicebush
Lobelia inflata	Lobeliaceae	LOBINF	native	3	3	forb	annual	indian tobacco
Lonicera japonica	Caprifoliaceae	LONJAP	non-native	0	3	vine	perennial	japanese honeysuckle
Lonicera maackii	Caprifoliaceae	LONMAA	non-native	0	5	shrub	perennial	amur honeysuckle
Luzula bulbosa	Juncaceae	LUZBUL	native	6	3	rush	perennial	bulbous wood rush
Lysimachia lanceolata	Primulaceae	LYSLAN	native	7	0	forb	perennial	lance-leaved loosestrife
Mertensia virginica	Boraginaceae	MERVIR	native	6	-3	forb	perennial	virginia bluebells
Muhlenbergia schreberi	Poaceae	MUHSCH	native	0	0	grass	perennial	nimblewill
Nabalus altissimus	Asteraceae	NABALT	native	5	3	forb	perennial	tall white lettuce
Onoclea sensibilis	1-onocleaceae	ONOSEN	native	4	-3	fern	perennial	sensitive fern
Ophioglossum vulgatum	1-ophioglossaceae	OPHVUL	native	4	-3	fern	perennial	southern adders tongue fern
Packera aurea	Asteraceae	PACAUR	native	4	-3	forb	perennial	golden ragwort

Parthenocissus quinquefolia	Vitaceae	PARQUI	native	2	3	vine	perennial	virginia creeper
Persicaria virginiana (=tovara virginiana)	Polygonaceae	PERVIR	native	3	0	forb	perennial	jumpseed
Phryma leptostachya	Verbenaceae	PHRLEP	native	4	5	forb	perennial	lopseed
Poa compressa	Poaceae	POACOM	non-native	0	3	grass	perennial	canadian blue grass
Podophyllum peltatum	Berberidaceae	PODPEL	native	3	3	forb	perennial	may apple
Polygonatum biflorum	Asparagaceae	POLBIF	native	4	3	forb	perennial	small solomons seal
Polystichum acrostichoides	1-dryopteridaceae	POLACR	native	5	5	fern	perennial	christmas fern
Populus grandidentata	Salicaceae	POPGRA	native	4	3	tree	perennial	big-tooth aspen
Potentilla simplex	Rosaceae	POTSIM	native	2	3	forb	perennial	common cinquefoil
Prunus serotina var. serotina	Rosaceae	PRUSER	native	1	3	tree	perennial	wild black cherry
Pyrus calleryana	Rosaceae	PYRCAL	non-native	0	5	tree	perennial	bradford pear
Quercus alba	Fagaceae	QUEALB	native	5	3	tree	perennial	white oak
Quercus imbricaria	Fagaceae	QUEIMB	native	3	3	tree	perennial	jack oak

Quercus muehlenbergii	Fagaceae	QUEMUE	native	4	3	tree	perennial	chinkapin oak
Quercus rubra	Fagaceae	QUERUB	native	4	3	tree	perennial	northern red oak
Quercus velutina	Fagaceae	QUEVEL	native	4	5	tree	perennial	black oak
Ranunculus abortivus	Ranunculaceae	RANABO	native	0	-3	forb	perennial	little-leaf buttercup
Ranunculus hispidus var. hispidus	Ranunculaceae	RANHIS	native	7	0	forb	perennial	rough buttercup
Ribes cynosbati	Grossulariaceae	RIBCYN	native	4	0	shrub	perennial	prickly wild gooseberry
Rosa multiflora	Rosaceae	ROSMUL	non-native	0	3	shrub	perennial	japanese rose
Sanicula canadensis (including 1 variety)	Apiaceae	SANCAN	native	2	3	forb	perennial	canadian black snakeroot
Sanicula odorata	Apiaceae	SANODO	native	2	0	forb	perennial	clustered black snakeroot
Sassafras albidum	Lauraceae	SASALB	native	1	3	forb	perennial	sassafras
Schedonorus arundinaceus (=festuca elatior)	Poaceae	SCHARU	non-native	0	3	grass	perennial	tall fescue
Sisyrinchium angustifolium	Iridaceae	SISANG	native	3	0	forb	perennial	stout blue-eyed grass

Smilax glauca	Smilacaceae	SMIGLA	native	4	3	vine	perennial	sawbrier
Smilax rotundifolia	Smilacaceae	SMIROT	native	4	0	vine	perennial	catbrier
Smilax tamnoides (=smilax hispida)	Smilacaceae	SMITAM	native	3	0	vine	perennial	bristly greenbrier
Stellaria pubera	Caryophyllaceae	STEPUB	native	7	5	forb	perennial	great chickweed
Symphyotrichum lateriflorum	Asteraceae	SYMLAT	native	3	-3	forb	perennial	side-flowering aster
Symphyotrichum urophyllum	Asteraceae	SYMURO	native	4	5	forb	perennial	arrow-leaved aster
Ulmus americana	Ulmaceae	ULMAME	native	3	-3	tree	perennial	american elm
Ulmus rubra	Ulmaceae	ULMRUB	native	3	0	tree	perennial	slippery elm
Viola pubescens (including 1 variety)	Violaceae	VIOPUB	native	5	3	forb	perennial	downy yellow violet
Viola sagittata (including 1 variety)	Violaceae	VIOSAG	native	6	0	forb	perennial	arrow-leaved violet
Viola sororia	Violaceae	VIOSOR	native	1	0	forb	perennial	woolly blue violet
Vitis cinerea (including 1 variety)	Vitaceae	VITCIN	native	4	-3	vine	perennial	winter grape

2. Big Sinkhole

Big Sinkhole (Rim)

Mean C = 4.5

Scientific Name	<u>Family</u>	<u>Acronym</u>	Native?	<u>C</u>	W	Physiognomy	<u>Duration</u>	Common Name
Acer saccharum	Sapindaceae	ACESAR	native	4	3	tree	perennial	sugar maple
Actaea racemosa	Ranunculaceae	ACTRAC	native	9	5	forb	perennial	false bugbane
Ageratina altissima var. altissima	Asteraceae	AGEALT	native	2	3	forb	perennial	white snakeroot
Agrimonia parviflora	Rosaceae	AGRPAR	native	4	-3	forb	perennial	swamp agrimony
Agrimonia pubescens	Rosaceae	AGRPUB	native	5	5	forb	perennial	soft agrimony
Andropogon virginicus var. virginicus	Poaceae	ANDVIR	native	1	3	grass	perennial	broom sedge
Aplectrum hyemale	Orchidaceae	APLHYE	native	7	0	forb	perennial	adam-and-eve
Arisaema triphyllum	Araceae	ARITRI	native	4	-3	forb	perennial	indian turnip
Asimina triloba	Annonaceae	ASITRI	native	6	0	tree	perennial	papaw

Brachyelytrum erectum	Poaceae	BRAERE	native	6	3	grass	perennial	long-awned wood grass
Cardamine angustata	Brassicaceae	CARANG	native	5	0	forb	perennial	slender toothwort
Cardamine concatenata	Brassicaceae	CARCON	native	4	3	forb	perennial	toothwort
Carex albicans var. albicans	Cyperaceae	CXALBA	native	6	5	sedge	perennial	blunt-scaled oak sedge
Carex albursina	Cyperaceae	CXALBU	native	7	5	sedge	perennial	blunt-scaled wood sedge
Carex blanda	Cyperaceae	CXBLAN	native	1	0	sedge	perennial	common wood sedge
Carex communis var. communis	Cyperaceae	CXCOMM	native	8	5	sedge	perennial	common beech sedge
Carex laxiculmis var. laxiculmis	Cyperaceae	CXLAXL	native	7	3	sedge	perennial	weak-stemmed wood sedge
Carex rosea	Cyperaceae	CXROSE	native	5	3	sedge	perennial	curly-styled bracted sedge
Carpinus caroliniana subsp. virginiana	Betulaceae	CARCAR	native	5	0	tree	perennial	blue beech
Carya ovata	Juglandaceae	CAROVA	native	4	3	tree	perennial	shagbark hickory
Carya tomentosa	Juglandaceae	CARTOM	native	6	5	tree	perennial	mockernut hickory

Circaea canadensis	Onagraceae	CIRCAN	native	2	3	forb	perennial	enchanters nightshade
Diarrhena obovata	Poaceae	DIAOBO	native	5	0	grass	perennial	obovate beak grass
Dichanthelium boscii	Poaceae	DICBOS	native	4	5	grass	perennial	bearded witch grass
Dioscorea villosa	Dioscoreaceae	DIOVIL	native	4	0	vine	perennial	wild yam
Fagus grandifolia	Fagaceae	FAGGRA	native	8	3	tree	perennial	american beech
Fraxinus smallii	Oleaceae	FRASMA	native	4	3	tree	perennial	blue ash
Galium circaezans	Rubiaceae	GALCIR	native	6	3	forb	perennial	wild licorice
Galium concinnum	Rubiaceae	GALCON	native	5	3	forb	perennial	shining bedstraw
Galium triflorum	Rubiaceae	GALTRI	native	5	3	forb	perennial	fragrant bedstraw
Lindera benzoin	Lauraceae	LINBEN	native	5	-3	shrub	perennial	hairy spicebush
Liriodendron tulipifera	Magnoliaceae	LIRTUL	native	4	3	tree	perennial	tulip poplar
Maianthemum racemosum subsp. racemosum	Asparagaceae	MAIRAC	native	4	3	forb	perennial	feathery false solomon seal
Mertensia virginica	Boraginaceae	MERVIR	native	6	-3	forb	perennial	virginia bluebells
meriensia virginica	Doraginaceae		nauve	U	-5	1010	perenniai	virginia bluebens
Nabalus altissimus	Asteraceae	NABALT	native	5	3	forb	perennial	tall white lettuce

Nyssa sylvatica	Nyssaceae	NYSSYL	native	5	0	tree	perennial	black gum
Ophioglossum vulgatum	1-ophioglossaceae	OPHVUL	native	4	-3	fern	perennial	southern adders tongue fern
Oxalis violacea	Oxalidaceae	OXAVIO	native	7	5	forb	perennial	violet wood-sorrel
Parthenocissus quinquefolia	Vitaceae	PARQUI	native	2	3	vine	perennial	virginia creeper
Persicaria virginiana	Polygonaceae	PERVIR	native	3	0	forb	perennial	jumpseed
Podophyllum peltatum	Berberidaceae	PODPEL	native	3	3	forb	perennial	may apple
Polystichum acrostichoides	1-dryopteridaceae	POLACR	native	5	5	fern	perennial	christmas fern
Prunus serotina var. serotina	Rosaceae	PRUSER	native	1	3	tree	perennial	wild black cherry
Quercus alba	Fagaceae	QUEALB	native	5	3	tree	perennial	white oak
Quercus velutina	Fagaceae	QUEVEL	native	4	5	tree	perennial	black oak
Rosa multiflora	Rosaceae	ROSMUL	non-native	0	3	shrub	perennial	japanese rose
Rubus pensilvanicus	Rosaceae	RUBPEN	native	5	5	shrub	perennial	pennsylvania blackberry
Sanguinaria canadensis	Papaveraceae	SANGCA	native	5	-3	forb	perennial	bloodroot

Sanicula canadensis	Apiaceae	SANCAN	native	2	3	forb	perennial	canadian black snakeroot
Sanicula odorata	Apiaceae	SANODO	native	2	0	forb	perennial	clustered black snakeroot
Sassafras albidum	Lauraceae	SASALB	native	1	3	forb	perennial	sassafras
Scutellaria ovata subsp. ovata	Lamiaceae	SCUOVA	native	7	3	forb	perennial	heart-leaved skullcap
Smilax rotundifolia	Smilacaceae	SMIROT	native	4	0	vine	perennial	catbrier
Solidago caesia var. caesia	Asteraceae	SOLCAE	native	7	3	forb	perennial	bluestem goldenrod
Stellaria pubera	Caryophyllaceae	STEPUB	native	7	5	forb	perennial	great chickweed
Symphyotrichum drummondii var. drummondii	Asteraceae	SYMDRU	native	4	5	forb	perennial	drummonds aster
Trillium recurvatum	Melanthiaceae	TRIREC	native	4	3	forb	perennial	red trillium
Ulmus americana	Ulmaceae	ULMAME	native	3	-3	tree	perennial	american elm
Viola pubescens	Violaceae	VIOPUB	native	5	3	forb	perennial	downy yellow violet
Viola sagittata	Violaceae	VIOSAG	native	6	0	forb	perennial	arrow-leaved violet
Viola sororia	Violaceae	VIOSOR	native	1	0	forb	perennial	woolly blue violet

Big Sinkhole (Slope)

Mean C = 4.5

Scientific Name	<u>Family</u>	<u>Acronym</u>	<u>Native?</u>	<u>C</u>	W	Physiognomy	Duration	Common Name
Acer saccharum	Sapindaceae	ACESAR	native	4	3	tree	perennial	sugar maple
Actaea pachypoda	Ranunculaceae	ACTPAC	native	7	3	forb	perennial	dolls-eyes
Ageratina altissima var. altissima	Asteraceae	AGEALT	native	2	3	forb	perennial	white snakeroot
Arisaema triphyllum	Araceae	ARITRI	native	4	-3	forb	perennial	indian turnip
Asimina triloba	Annonaceae	ASITRI	native	6	0	tree	perennial	papaw
Borodinia laevigata	Brassicaceae	BORLAE	native	5	5	forb	biennial	smooth rock cress
Botrypus virginianus	1- ophioglossaceae	BOTVIR	native	4	3	fern	perennial	rattlesnake fern
Brachyelytrum erectum	Poaceae	BRAERE	native	6	3	grass	perennial	long-awned wood grass
Cardamine angustata	Brassicaceae	CARANG	native	5	0	forb	perennial	slender toothwort

Cardamine concatenata	Brassicaceae	CARCON	native	4	3	forb	perennial	toothwort
Carex albursina	Cyperaceae	CXALBU	native	7	5	sedge	perennial	blunt-scaled wood sedge
Carex blanda	Cyperaceae	CXBLAN	native	1	0	sedge	perennial	common wood sedge
Carex laxiculmis var. copulata	Cyperaceae	CXLAXC	native	5	3	sedge	perennial	spreading sedge
Carpinus caroliniana subsp. virginiana	Betulaceae	CARCAR	native	5	0	tree	perennial	blue beech
Collinsonia canadensis	Lamiaceae	COLCAN	native	8	0	forb	perennial	citronella horse balm
Deparia acrostichoides	1-athyriaceae	DEPACR	native	8	0	fern	perennial	silvery spleenwort
Erigenia bulbosa	Apiaceae	ERIBUL	native	5	3	forb	perennial	harbinger of spring
Euonymus alata	Celastraceae	EUOALA	non-native	0	5	shrub	perennial	winged euonymus
Fraxinus smallii	Oleaceae	FRASMA	native	4	3	tree	perennial	blue ash
Galium aparine	Rubiaceae	GALAPA	native	1	3	forb	perennial	sticky-willy
Galium circaezans	Rubiaceae	GALCIR	native	6	3	forb	perennial	wild licorice
Galium concinnum	Rubiaceae	GALCON	native	5	3	forb	perennial	shining bedstraw
Galium triflorum	Rubiaceae	GALTRI	native	5	3	forb	perennial	fragrant bedstraw

Hydrangea arborescens	Hydrangeaceae	HYDARB	native	7	3	shrub	perennial	wild hydrangea
Hydrophyllum canadense	Boraginaceae	HYDCAN	native	8	-3	forb	perennial	canada waterleaf
Lindera benzoin	Lauraceae	LINBEN	native	5	-3	shrub	perennial	hairy spicebush
Liriodendron tulipifera	Magnoliaceae	LIRTUL	native	4	3	tree	perennial	tulip poplar
Maianthemum racemosum subsp. racemosum	Asparagaceae	MAIRAC	native	4	3	forb	perennial	feathery false solomon seal
Nabalus altissimus	Asteraceae	NABALT	native	5	3	forb	perennial	tall white lettuce
Nyssa sylvatica	Nyssaceae	NYSSYL	native	5	0	tree	perennial	black gum
Osmorhiza claytonii	Apiaceae	OSMCLA	native	3	3	forb	perennial	hairy sweet cicely
Oxalis violacea	Oxalidaceae	OXAVIO	native	7	5	forb	perennial	violet wood-sorrel
Parthenocissus quinquefolia	Vitaceae	PARQUI	native	2	3	vine	perennial	virginia creeper
Phegopteris hexagonoptera	1- thelypteridaceae	PHEHEX	native	7	3	fern	perennial	broad beech fern
Phryma leptostachya	Verbenaceae	PHRLEP	native	4	5	forb	perennial	lopseed

Podophyllum peltatum	Berberidaceae	PODPEL	native	3	3	forb	perennial	may apple
Polystichum acrostichoides	1- dryopteridaceae	POLACR	native	5	5	fern	perennial	christmas fern
Populus grandidentata	Salicaceae	POPGRA	native	4	3	tree	perennial	big-tooth aspen
Prunus serotina var. serotina	Rosaceae	PRUSER	native	1	3	tree	perennial	wild black cherry
Rosa multiflora	Rosaceae	ROSMUL	non-native	0	3	shrub	perennial	japanese rose
Sanguinaria canadensis	Papaveraceae	SANGCA	native	5	-3	forb	perennial	bloodroot
Sanicula canadensis	Apiaceae	SANCAN	native	2	3	forb	perennial	canadian black snakeroot
Sanicula odorata	Apiaceae	SANODO	native	2	0	forb	perennial	clustered black snakeroot
Smilax rotundifolia	Smilacaceae	SMIROT	native	4	0	vine	perennial	catbrier
Smilax tamnoides	Smilacaceae	SMITAM	native	3	0	vine	perennial	bristly greenbrier
Solidago caesia var. caesia	Asteraceae	SOLCAE	native	7	3	forb	perennial	bluestem goldenrod
Stellaria pubera	Caryophyllaceae	STEPUB	native	7	5	forb	perennial	great chickweed

Symphyotrichum	Asteraceae	SYMCOR	native	5	5	forb	perennial	heart-leaved aster
cordifolium								
Thalictrum dioicum	Ranunculaceae	THADIO	native	7	3	forb	perennial	early meadow rue
Trillium flexipes	Melanthiaceae	TRIFLE	native	5	3	forb	perennial	declined trillium
Trillium recurvatum	Melanthiaceae	TRIREC	native	4	3	forb	perennial	red trillium
Viola sororia	Violaceae	VIOSOR	native	1	0	forb	perennial	woolly blue violet

Big Sinkhole (Bottom)

Mean C = 4.4

Scientific Name	Family	Acronym	Native?	<u>C</u>	W	<u>Physiognomy</u>	Duration	Common Name
Actaea pachypoda	Ranunculaceae	ACTPAC	native	7	3	forb	perennial	dolls-eyes
Arisaema triphyllum	Araceae	ARITRI	native	4	-3	forb	perennial	indian turnip
Borodinia laevigata	Brassicaceae	BORLAE	native	5	5	forb	biennial	smooth rock cress
Cardamine	Brassicaceae	CARANG	native	5	0	forb	perennial	slender toothwort
angustata								

Cardamine concatenata	Brassicaceae	CARCON	native	4	3	forb	perennial	toothwort
Carex laxiculmis var. copulata	Cyperaceae	CXLAXC	native	5	3	sedge	perennial	spreading sedge
Cystopteris protrusa	1-cystopteridaceae	CYSPRO	native	4	-3	fern	perennial	common fragile fern
Deparia acrostichoides	1-athyriaceae	DEPACR	native	8	0	fern	perennial	silvery spleenwort
Fraxinus smallii	Oleaceae	FRASMA	native	4	3	tree	perennial	blue ash
Galium aparine	Rubiaceae	GALAPA	native	1	3	forb	perennial	sticky-willy
Homalosorus pycnocarpon	1-athyriaceae	HOMPYC	native	9	3	fern	perennial	glade fern
Hydrangea arborescens	Hydrangeaceae	HYDARB	native	7	3	shrub	perennial	wild hydrangea
Lindera benzoin	Lauraceae	LINBEN	native	5	-3	shrub	perennial	hairy spicebush
Liriodendron tulipifera	Magnoliaceae	LIRTUL	native	4	3	tree	perennial	tulip poplar

Maianthemum racemosum subsp. racemosum	Asparagaceae	MAIRAC	native	4	3	forb	perennial	feathery false solomon seal
Osmorhiza claytonii	Apiaceae	OSMCLA	native	3	3	forb	perennial	hairy sweet cicely
Persicaria virginiana	Polygonaceae	PERVIR	native	3	0	forb	perennial	jumpseed
Pilea pumila	Urticaceae	PILPUM	native	2	-3	forb	annual	canada clearweed
Polygonatum biflorum	Asparagaceae	POLBIF	native	4	3	forb	perennial	small solomons seal
Polystichum acrostichoides	1-dryopteridaceae	POLACR	native	5	5	fern	perennial	christmas fern
Rosa multiflora	Rosaceae	ROSMUL	non-native	0	3	shrub	perennial	japanese rose
Sanicula odorata	Apiaceae	SANODO	native	2	0	forb	perennial	clustered black snakeroot
Stellaria pubera	Caryophyllaceae	STEPUB	native	7	5	forb	perennial	great chickweed
Thalictrum dioicum	Ranunculaceae	THADIO	native	7	3	forb	perennial	early meadow rue
Trillium flexipes	Melanthiaceae	TRIFLE	native	5	3	forb	perennial	declined trillium
Vitis riparia	Vitaceae	VITRIP	native	1	-3	vine	perennial	riverbank grape

3. Sinkhole Pond

Mean C = 4.4

Scientific Name	<u>Family</u>	Acronym	Native?	<u>C</u>	W	<u>Physiognomy</u>	<u>Duration</u>	Common Name
Alisma subcordatum	Alismataceae	ALISUB	native	2	-5	forb	perennial	common water
								plantain
Bidens discoidea	Asteraceae	BIDDIS	native	5	-3	forb	annual	swamp beggars ticks
Bidens tripartita	Asteraceae	BIDTRP	native	2	-5	forb	annual	swamp tickseed
(=bidens comosa)								
Boehmeria cylindrica	Urticaceae	BOECYL	native	3	-5	forb	perennial	false nettle
(including 1 variety)								
Carex comosa	Cyperaceae	СХСОМО	native	6	-5	sedge	perennial	bristly sedge
Carex crinita var.	Cyperaceae	CXCRIN	native	8	-5	sedge	perennial	fringed sedge
crinita								
Carex decomposita	Cyperaceae	CXDECO	native	10	-5	sedge	perennial	broad-leaved panicled
								sedge
Carex lupulina	Cyperaceae	CXLUPU	native	4	-5	sedge	perennial	common hop sedge

Carex vulpinoidea	Cyperaceae	CXVULP	native	2	-5	sedge	perennial	brown fox sedge
Cephalanthus occidentalis	Rubiaceae	CEPOCC	native	5	-5	shrub	perennial	buttonbush
Chelone obliqua var. speciosa	Plantaginaceae	CHEOBL	native	8	-5	forb	perennial	pink turtlehead
Cicuta maculata (including 1 variety)	Apiaceae	CICMAC	native	6	-5	forb	biennial	common water hemlock
Conoclinium coelestinum (=eupatorium	Asteraceae	CONCOE	native	2	-3	forb	perennial	mistflower
coelestinum)								
Decodon verticillatus	Lythraceae	DECVER	native	8	-5	shrub	perennial	swamp loosestrife
Dichanthelium boscii	Poaceae	DICBOS	native	4	5	grass	perennial	bearded witch grass
Galium tinctorium	Rubiaceae	GALTIN	native	6	-5	forb	perennial	stiff bedstraw
Geum canadense	Rosaceae	GEUCAN	native	1	0	forb	perennial	white avens
Glyceria striata	Poaceae	GLYSTR	native	4	-5	grass	perennial	fowl manna grass
Impatiens capensis	Balsaminaceae	IMPCAP	native	2	-3	forb	annual	spotted touch-me-not
Impatiens pallida	Balsaminaceae	IMPPAL	native	4	-3	forb	annual	pale touch-me-not

Leersia oryzoides	Poaceae	LEEORY	native	2	-5	grass	perennial	rice cut grass
Lemna minor	Araceae	LEMMIN	native	3	-5	forb	perennial	small duckweed
Lycopus virginicus	Lamiaceae	LYCVIR	native	5	-5	forb	perennial	bugle weed
Muhlenbergia schreberi	Poaceae	MUHSCH	native	0	0	grass	perennial	nimblewill
Osmunda regalis var. spectabilis	1-osmundaceae	OSMREG	native	8	-5	fern	perennial	regal fern
Persicaria arifolia	Polygonaceae	PERARI	native	10	-5	forb	annual	halbred-leaved tear- thumb
Persicaria hydropiperoides	Polygonaceae	PERHYD	native	4	-5	forb	perennial	mild water pepper
Persicaria maculosa	Polygonaceae	PERMAC	non-native	0	-3	forb	annual	ladys thumb
Persicaria punctata	Polygonaceae	PERPUN	native	3	-5	forb	annual	smartweed
Podophyllum peltatum	Berberidaceae	PODPEL	native	3	3	forb	perennial	may apple
Scutellaria lateriflora	Lamiaceae	SCULAT	native	4	-5	forb	perennial	mad-dog skullcap
Smilax rotundifolia	Smilacaceae	SMIROT	native	4	0	vine	perennial	catbrier

Solidago ulmifolia	Asteraceae	SOLULM	native	5	5	forb	perennial	elm-leaved goldenrod
var. ulmifolia								
Symphyotrichum lanceolatum	Asteraceae	SYMLAN	native	3	0	forb	perennial	panicled aster
(including varieties)								
Symphyotrichum lateriflorum	Asteraceae	SYMLAT	native	3	-3	forb	perennial	side-flowering aster
				0	_			
Triadenum walteri	Hypericaceae	TRIWAL	native	8	-5	forb	perennial	marsh st. johns wort

Appendix B: Vegetative Plot Assessments

1. Fallow Field

Mean C = 1.6

Quadrat/Subplot Level Metrics:

Quadrat/Subplot	<u>Total</u>	<u>Native</u>	<u>Total</u>	<u>Native</u>	<u>Total</u>	<u>Native</u>	Latitude	Longitude
	Species	Species	<u>Mean C</u>	Mean C	Mean	Mean		
	Richness	Richness			<u>Wetness</u>	<u>Wetness</u>		
Q1	17	11	1.6	2.5	2.2	1.6	39.1284	-86.6487
Q2	10	4	1.2	3	1.9	0.5	39.12214	-86.6266
Q3	13	9	1.5	2.2	1.3	0.9	39.12856	-86.6484
Average	13.3	8	1.4	2.6	1.8	1	n/a	n/a
Standard Deviation	2.9	2.9	0.2	0.3	0.4	0.5	n/a	n/a

Quadrat/Subplot Q1 Species:

Scientific Name	<u>Family</u>	<u>Acronym</u>	<u>%</u>	<u>%</u>	Native?	<u>C</u>	W	Physiognomy	Duration	Common
			Cover	<u>Range</u>						Name
				(Midpt)						

Andropogon virginicus var. virginicus	Poaceae	ANDVIR	10	% Cover (0 - 100)	native	1	3	grass	perennial	broom sedge
Dactylis glomerata	Poaceae	DACGLO	5	% Cover (0 - 100)	non- native	0	3	grass	perennial	orchard grass
Daucus carota	Apiaceae	DAUCAR	6	% Cover (0 - 100)	non- native	0	5	forb	biennial	queen annes lace
Desmodium glabellum	Fabaceae	DESGLA	1	% Cover (0 - 100)	native	3	5	forb	perennial	smooth tick trefoil
Dianthus armeria subsp. armeria	Caryophyllaceae	DIAARM	4	% Cover (0 - 100)	non- native	0	5	forb	annual	deptford pink
Dichanthelium acuminatum subsp. fasciculatum	Poaceae	DICACF	4	% Cover (0 - 100)	native	2	0	grass	perennial	western witch grass
Euthamia graminifolia	Asteraceae	EUTGRA	3	% Cover (0 - 100)	native	3	-3	forb	perennial	grass-leaved goldenrod
Hypericum punctatum	Hypericaceae	HYPPUN	0	% Cover (0 - 100)	native	3	0	forb	perennial	spotted st. johns wort

Lysimachia ciliata	Primulaceae	LYSCIL	3	% Cover (0 - 100)	native	4	-3	forb	perennial	fringed loosestrife
Physalis heterophylla	Solanaceae	РНҮНЕТ	2	% Cover (0 - 100)	native	3	5	forb	perennial	clammy ground cherry
Poa pratensis	Poaceae	POAPRA	13	% Cover (0 - 100)	non- native	0	0	grass	perennial	kentucky blue grass
Potentilla simplex	Rosaceae	POTSIM	10	% Cover (0 - 100)	native	2	3	forb	perennial	common cinquefoil
Rubus allegheniensis	Rosaceae	RUBALL	20	% Cover (0 - 100)	native	2	3	shrub	perennial	common blackberry
Rumex acetosella	Polygonaceae	RUMACE	1	% Cover (0 - 100)	non- native	0	3	forb	perennial	field sorrel
Schedonorus arundinaceus	Poaceae	SCHARU	3	% Cover (0 - 100)	non- native	0	3	grass	perennial	tall fescue
Solidago nemoralis	Asteraceae	SOLNEM	9	% Cover (0 - 100)	native	3	5	forb	perennial	old-field goldenrod
Viola sororia	Violaceae	VIOSOR	0	% Cover (0 - 100)	native	1	0	forb	perennial	woolly blue violet

Quadrat/Subplot Q2 Species:

Scientific Name	<u>Family</u>	<u>Acronym</u>	<u>%</u> Cover	<u>%</u> <u>Range</u> (Midpt)	<u>Native?</u>	<u>C</u>	W	Physiognomy	<u>Duration</u>	<u>Common</u> <u>Name</u>
Agrimonia parviflora	Rosaceae	AGRPAR	8	<u>(Widpt)</u> % Cover (0 - 100)	native	4	-3	forb	perennial	swamp agrimony
Dactylis glomerata	Poaceae	DACGLO	14	% Cover (0 - 100)	non- native	0	3	grass	perennial	orchard grass
Daucus carota	Apiaceae	DAUCAR	0	% Cover (0 - 100)	non- native	0	5	forb	biennial	queen annes lace
Desmodium glabellum	Fabaceae	DESGLA	8	% Cover (0 - 100)	native	3	5	forb	perennial	smooth tick trefoil
Euthamia graminifolia	Asteraceae	EUTGRA	5	% Cover (0 - 100)	native	3	-3	forb	perennial	grass-leaved goldenrod
Lonicera japonica	Caprifoliaceae	LONJAP	22	% Cover (0 - 100)	non- native	0	3	vine	perennial	japanese honeysuckle

Poa pratensis	Poaceae	POAPRA	25	% Cover non-	- 0	0	grass	perennial	kentucky
				(0 - 100) nativ	ve				blue grass
Potentilla simplex	Rosaceae	POTSIM	20	% Cover nativ (0 - 100)	ve 2	3	forb	perennial	common cinquefoil
Schedonorus arundinaceus	Poaceae	SCHARU	3	% Cover non- (0 - 100) nativ	-	3	grass	perennial	tall fescue
Taraxacum officinale	Asteraceae	TAROFF	4	% Cover non- (0 - 100) nati	-	3	forb	perennial	common dandelion

Quadrat/Subplot Q3 Species:

Scientific Name	Family	Acronym	%	%	Native?	С	W	Physiognomy	Duration	Common
			Cover	Range						Name
				(Midpt)						
Ageratina	Asteraceae	AGEALT	10	% Cover	native	2	3	forb	perennial	white
<i>altissima</i> var.				(0 - 100)						snakeroot
altissima										
Dactylis	Poaceae	DACGLO	10	% Cover	non-	0	3	grass	perennial	orchard grass
glomerata				(0 - 100)	native					

Desmodium glabellum	Fabaceae	DESGLA	20	% Cover (0 - 100)	native	3	5	forb	perennial	smooth tick trefoil
Galium triflorum	Rubiaceae	GALTRI	3	% Cover (0 - 100)	native	5	3	forb	perennial	fragrant bedstraw
Geum vernum	Rosaceae	GEUVER	10	% Cover (0 - 100)	native	1	3	forb	perennial	spring avens
Juncus tenuis	Juncaceae	JUNTEN	2	% Cover (0 - 100)	native	0	0	rush	perennial	path rush
Packera aurea	Asteraceae	PACAUR	5	% Cover (0 - 100)	native	4	-3	forb	perennial	golden ragwort
Packera glabella	Asteraceae	PACGLA	4	% Cover (0 - 100)	native	0	-3	forb	biennial	butterweed
Poa pratensis	Poaceae	POAPRA	5	% Cover (0 - 100)	non- native	0	0	grass	perennial	kentucky blue grass
Rubus allegheniensis	Rosaceae	RUBALL	8	% Cover (0 - 100)	native	2	3	shrub	perennial	common blackberry
Schedonorus arundinaceus	Poaceae	SCHARU	5	% Cover (0 - 100)	non- native	0	3	grass	perennial	tall fescue

Trifolium	Fabaceae	TRIREP	15	% Cover non-	0	3	forb	perennial	white clover
repens				(0 - 100) nativ	e				
Verbesina	Asteraceae	VERALT	20	% Cover nativ	e 3	-3	forb	perennial	Wingstem
alternifolia				(0 - 100)					

2. Bottomland

Mean C = 3.4

Quadrat/Subplot Level Metrics:

Quadrat/Subplot	Total	Native	Total	Native	Total	Native	Latitude	Longitude
	Species	Species	Mean C	Mean C	Mean	Mean		
	Richness	Richness			Wetness	Wetness		
Q1	15	14	3.3	3.5	1.3	1.1	39.12856	-86.6484
Q2	13	13	4	4	1.1	1.1	39.12924	-86.6482
Q3	10	10	3	3	0.8	0.8	39.12905	-86.6479
Average	12.7	12.3	3.4	3.5	1.1	1	n/a	n/a
Standard Deviation	2.1	1.7	0.4	0.4	0.2	0.1	n/a	n/a

Quadrat/Subplot Q1 Species:

Scientific Name	<u>Family</u>	<u>Acronym</u>	<u>%</u>	<u>%</u>	Native?	<u>C</u>	W	Physiognomy	Duration	<u>Common</u>
			<u>Cover</u>	<u>Range</u>						<u>Name</u>
				(Midpt)						
Arisaema	Araceae	ARITRI	4	% Cover	native	4	-3	forb	perennial	indian
triphyllum				(0 - 100)					-	turnip
	D .	GADGON	<i>.</i>				2	6 1	• •	
Cardamine	Brassicaceae	CARCON	6	% Cover	native	4	3	forb	perennial	toothwort
concatenata				(0 - 100)						
Carex blanda	Cyperaceae	CXBLAN	4	% Cover	native	1	0	sedge	perennial	common
				(0 - 100)						wood
										sedge
Classic	Mantiagaaa		4	0/ Course		2	2	fort		
Claytonia	Montiaceae	CLAVIR	4	% Cover	native	2	3	forb	perennial	spring
virginica				(0 - 100)						beauty
Delphinium	Ranunculaceae	DELTRI	3	% Cover	native	5	0	forb	perennial	dwarf
tricorne				(0 - 100)						larkspur
Festuca	Poaceae	FESSUB	6	% Cover	notivo	4	3	G #0.00	perennial	nodding
	Foaceae	LE220D	0		native	4	3	grass	perenniai	C C
subverticillata				(0 - 100)						fescue
Hydrophyllum	Boraginaceae	HYDMAC	21	% Cover	native	7	3	forb	perennial	large-leaf
macrophyllum				(0 - 100)						waterleaf

Packera aurea	Asteraceae	PACAUR	12	% Cover (0 - 100)	native	4	-3	forb	perennial	golden ragwort
Parthenocissus quinquefolia	Vitaceae	PARQUI	3	% Cover (0 - 100)	native	2	3	vine	perennial	virginia creeper
Sanicula odorata	Apiaceae	SANODO	12	% Cover (0 - 100)	native	2	0	forb	perennial	clustered black snakeroot
Solidago nemoralis	Asteraceae	SOLNEM	1	% Cover (0 - 100)	native	3	5	forb	perennial	old-field goldenrod
Stellaria media	Caryophyllaceae	STEMED	0		non- native	0	3	forb	annual	common chickweed
Stellaria pubera	Caryophyllaceae	STEPUB	2	% Cover (0 - 100)	native	7	5	forb	perennial	great chickweed
Symphyotrichum lateriflorum	Asteraceae	SYMLAT	6	% Cover (0 - 100)	native	3	-3	forb	perennial	side- flowering aster
Viola sororia	Violaceae	VIOSOR	0	% Cover (0 - 100)	native	1	0	forb	perennial	woolly blue violet

Quadrat/Subplot Q2 Species:

Scientific Name	Family	Acronym	% Cover	% Range (Midpt)	Native?	C	W	Physiognomy	Duration	Common Name
Ageratina altissima var. altissima	Asteraceae	AGEALT	2	% Cover (0 - 100)	native	2	3	forb	perennial	white snakeroot
Amphicarpaea bracteata	Fabaceae	AMPBRA	4	% Cover (0 - 100)	native	5	0	vine	annual	hog-peanut
Carex amphibola	Cyperaceae	СХАМРН	3	% Cover (0 - 100)	native	8	0	sedge	perennial	false gray sedge
Claytonia virginica	Montiaceae	CLAVIR	3	% Cover (0 - 100)	native	2	3	forb	perennial	spring beauty
Diarrhena americana	Poaceae	DIAAME	11	% Cover (0 - 100)	native	5	-3	grass	perennial	american beak grass
Galium circaezans	Rubiaceae	GALCIR	2	% Cover (0 - 100)	native	6	3	forb	perennial	wild licorice

Galium triflorum	Rubiaceae	GALTRI	4	% Cover n (0 - 100)	native :	5	3	forb	perennial	fragrant bedstraw
Nabalus altissimus	Asteraceae	NABALT	10	% Cover n (0 - 100)	native :	5	3	forb	perennial	tall white lettuce
Ranunculus abortivus	Ranunculaceae	RANABO	2	% Cover n (0 - 100)	native	0	-3	forb	perennial	little-leaf buttercup
Sanicula odorata	Apiaceae	SANODO	5	% Cover n (0 - 100)	native 2	2	0	forb	perennial	clustered black snakeroot
Smilax rotundifolia	Smilacaceae	SMIROT	2	% Cover n (0 - 100)	native 4	4	0	vine	perennial	catbrier
Stellaria pubera	Caryophyllaceae	STEPUB	3	% Cover n (0 - 100)	ative	7	5	forb	perennial	great chickweed
Viola sororia	Violaceae	VIOSOR	0	% Cover n (0 - 100)	ative	1	0	forb	perennial	woolly blue violet

Quadrat/Subplot Q3 Species:

Scientific Name	Family	Acronym	%	%	Native?	С	W	Physiognomy	Duration	Common
			Cover	Range						Name
				(Midpt)						
Cardamine	Brassicaceae	CARCON	2	% Cover	native	4	3	forb	perennial	toothwort
concatenata				(0 - 100)					I · · · ·	
				()						
Carex grisea	Cyperaceae	CXGRIS	12	% Cover	native	3	0	sedge	perennial	common
				(0 - 100)						gray sedge
Claytonia	Montiaceae	CLAVIR	3	% Cover	native	2	3	forb	perennial	spring
virginica				(0 - 100)					1	beauty
0				. ,						2
Festuca	Poaceae	FESSUB	12	% Cover	native	4	3	grass	perennial	nodding
subverticillata				(0 - 100)						fescue
Geum vernum	Rosaceae	GEUVER	14	% Cover	native	1	3	forb	perennial	spring
				(0 - 100)					I · · · ·	avens
				(/						
Impatiens	Balsaminaceae	IMPCAP	0	% Cover	native	2	-3	forb	annual	spotted
capensis				(0 - 100)						touch-me-
										m o t

not

Packera glabella	Asteraceae	PACGLA	0	% Cover (0 - 100)	native	0	-3	forb	biennial	butterweed
Ranunculus recurvatus var. recurvatus	Ranunculaceae	RANREC	1	% Cover (0 - 100)	native	5	-3	forb	perennial	hooked buttercup
Sanicula odorata	Apiaceae	SANODO	70	% Cover (0 - 100)	native	2	0	forb	perennial	clustered black snakeroot
Stellaria pubera	Caryophyllaceae	STEPUB	2	% Cover (0 - 100)	native	7	5	forb	perennial	great chickweed